CS61A – Homework 4.2 University of California, Berkelev

Topic: Assignment, state, environments

Lectures: Wednesday 7/17, Thursday 7/18

Reading: Abelson & Sussman, Section 3.1, 3.2

Also read "Object-Oriented Programming—Below-the-line view" (in course reader).

Note: This is a large homeowrk assignment. Best to get started early.

Homework due 10 AM Monday, 7/22:

Abelson & Sussman, exercises 3.1 through 3.11, skipping 3.5

Extra for experts:

The purpose of the environment model is to represent the scope of variables; when you see an x in a program, which variable x does it mean?

Another way to solve this problem would be to *rename* all the local variables so that there are never two variables with the same name. Write a procedure unique-rename that takes a (quoted) lambda expression as its argument, and returns an equivalent lambda expression with the variables renamed to be unique:

> (unique-rename '(lambda (x) (lambda (y) (x (lambda (x) (y x)))))
(lambda (g1) (lambda (g2) (g1 (lambda (g3) (g2 g3)))))

Note that the original expression had two variables named \mathbf{x} , and in the returned expression it's clear from the names which is which. You'll need a modified counter object to generate the unique names.

You may assume that there are no quote, let, or define expressions, so that every symbol is a variable reference, and variables are created only by lambda.

Describe how you'd use unique-rename to allow the evaluation of Scheme programs with only a single (global) frame.

Unix feature of the assignment: foreach, grep, find

Emacs feature of the assignment: C-t (transpose), M-c, M-u, M-l (change case)