1. Try these in Scheme:
```
(define x (cons 4 5))
(car x)
(cdr x)
(define y (cons 'hello 'goodbye))
(define z (cons x y))
(car (cdr z))
(cdr (cdr z))
```

2. Predict the result of each of these before you try it:
```
(cdr (car z))
```

(car (cons 8 3))
(car z)
(car 3)
3. Enter these definitions into Scheme:

```
(define (make-rational num den)
    (cons num den))
(define (numerator rat)
    (car rat))
(define (denominator rat)
    (cdr rat))
(define (*rat a b)
    (make-rational (* (numerator a) (numerator b))
                            (* (denominator a) (denominator b))))
(define (print-rat rat)
    (word (numerator rat) '/ (denominator rat)))
```

4. Try this:
(print-rat (make-rational 2 3))
(print-rat (*rat (make-rational 2 3) (make-rational 1 4)))
5. Define a procedure +rat to add two rational numbers, in the same style as *rat above.
6. Now do exercises 2.2, 2.3, and 2.4 from SICP.
7. SICP ex. 2.18; this should take some thought, and you should make sure you get it right, but don't get stuck on it for the whole hour. Note: Your solution should reverse lists, not sentences! That is, you should be using cons, car, and cdr, not first, sentence, etc.
